Life cycle assessment of palm oil

The Westin Resort - Nusa Dua Bali, 16 - 18 March 2016

investigating nature conservation and other GHG mitigation options

By: Jannick H. Schmidt









Background



- Food production is associated with high impacts on the environment
 - Agriculture and forestry: 24% of global GHG emissions
- Many mitigation options in palm oil production
 - Biogas capture in POME treatment
 - Nature conservation
 - Utilization of by-products:
 - Energy from shell, fibre and EFB
 - Nutrient value of POME and EFB
 - Various good practices: Yields, nutrient cycles, water management in peat soils, integrated pest management, OER
- Important to consistently quantify mitigation options
 - Life cycle assessment (LCA)
 - Land use changes and mitigation hereof are significant
 - Land use change and mitigation often omitted from LCA

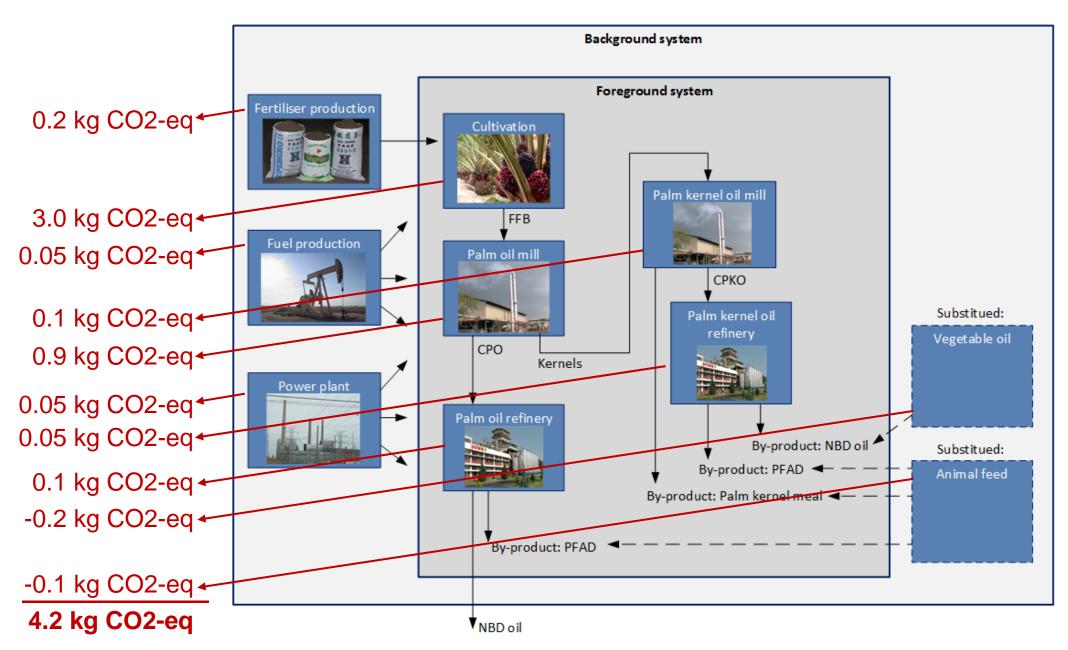
Objectives



- Investigate mitigation options
 - Benchmark industry averages of vegetable oils
 - Investigate mitigation options for palm oil production:
 - Biogas capture
 - Nature conservation
 - Exemplify reduction potentials for good performer:
 United Plantations Berhad
- Presenting a method to account for land use changes in LCA
 - iLUC method
 - Mitigation of iLUC by nature conservation

Life cycle assessment (LCA)



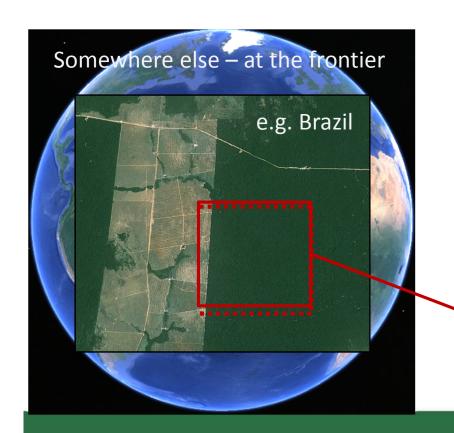


Indirect land use changes (iLUC)





Land for displaced crops?





Direct land use changes (dLUC)

Indirect land use changes (iLUC)





Nature conservation

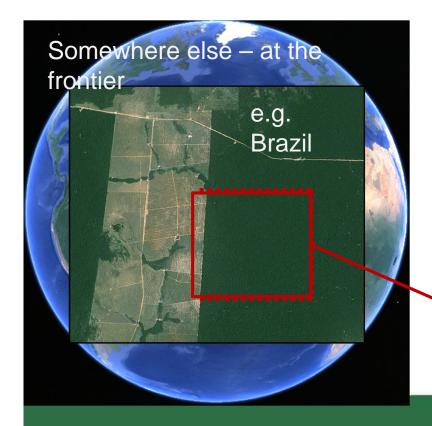


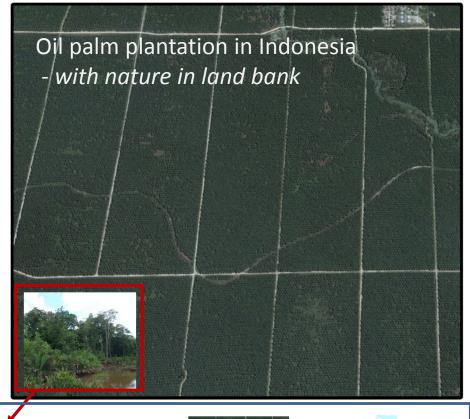
Effect of 1 ha Nature conservation

The choice:

- Cultivate oil palm, or
- Nature conservation

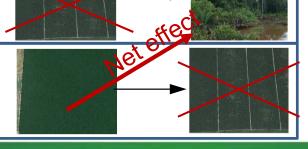






Avoided direct land use changes (-dLUC)

Indirect land use changes (iLUC)



Nature conservation

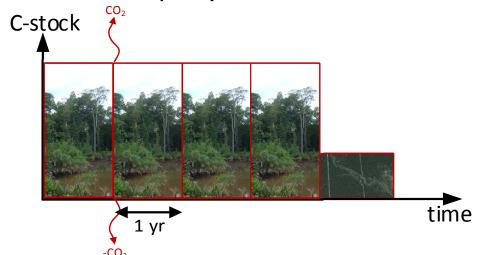


Emissions from LUC

• CO_2 emissions = 44/12 x ($C_{\text{stock,before}} - C_{\text{stock,after}}$)

Temporal effects of emissions

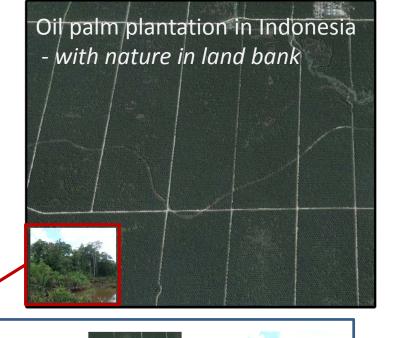
- Conservation areas may be lost



• Effect of 1 year = postponing LUC

• Net $CO_2 = 0$

• GWP100 = >0 (See Schmidt et al. 2015)



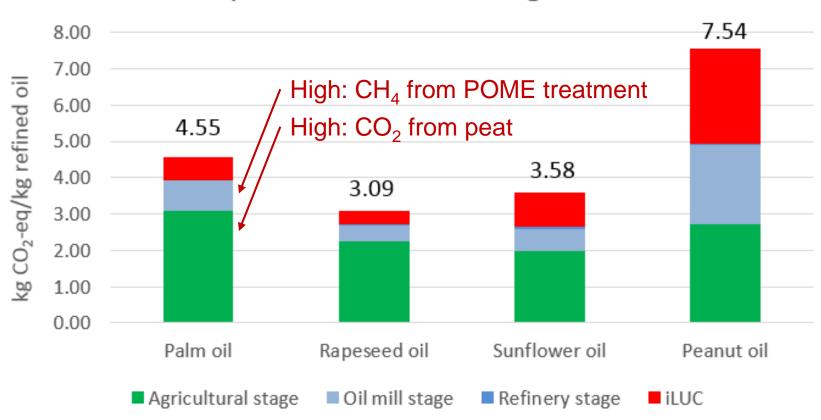
Avoided direct land

use changes (dLUC)

Results: Different vegetable oils



Comparison of different vegetable oils



Palm oil industry average:

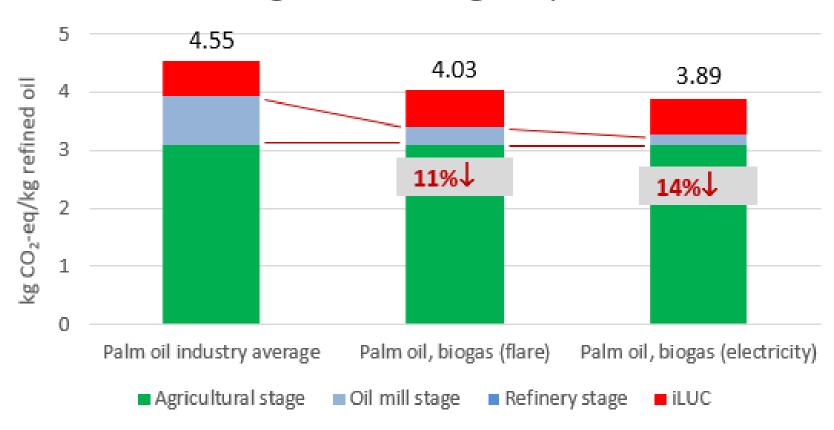
- 18% on peat
- 5% POME treated with biogas capture

Schmidt J.H. (2015) Life cycle assessment of five vegetable oils. Journal of Cleaner Production 87:130-138

Results: Mitigation with biogas capture



Mitigation with biogas capture

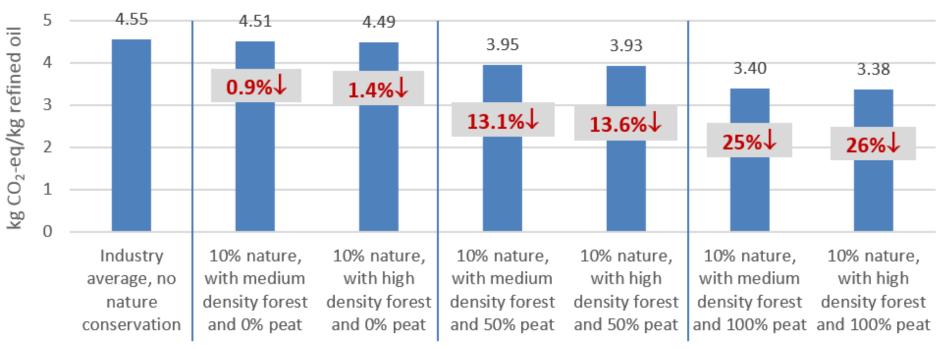


Schmidt J.H. (2015) Life cycle assessment of five vegetable oils. Journal of Cleaner Production 87:130-138 **Schmidt J.H. (2015)** Life cycle assessment of Palm Oil at United plantations Berhad 2014. Results for 2004-2013 Summary report. United Plantations Berhad, Teluk Intan, Malaysia. http://www.unitedplantations.com/PDF/United%20Plantations%20LCA%20summary%20report 2014.pdf

Results: Mitigation with nature conservation



Mitigation with nature conservation



10% of land bank set-aside for nature conservation

Forest density: High and medium density forest

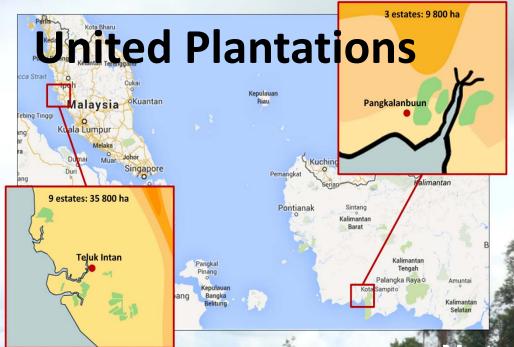
Peat: Different shares of peat soil in set-aside land: 0%, 50% and 100%

Golden Agri-Resources, SMART (2012) High Carbon Stock Forest Study Report - Defining and identifying high carbon stock forest areas for possible conservation. Golden Agri-Resources and SMART.

Schmidt J.H. (2015) Life cycle assessment of five vegetable oils. Journal of Cleaner Production 87:130-138

Schmidt J.H. (2015) Nature conservation in Life Cycle Assessment – new method and case study with the palm oil industry. Extended abstract for presentation at the SETAC2015, Barcelona 3-7 May 2015. http://lca-net.com/p/1818

www.icope-series.com 10



Nature conservation area (Peat swamp secondary forest, >50 yr)

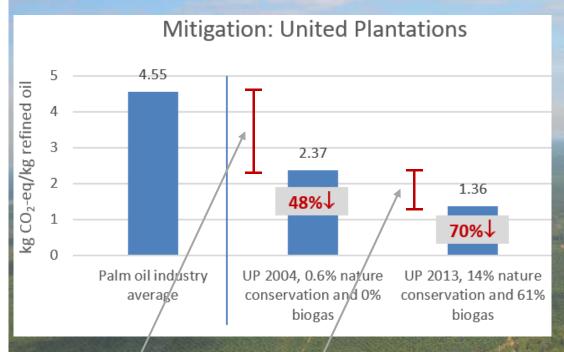
Oil palm plantation

Land bank	Mineral soil ha	Peat soil ha	Total ha
Oil palm plantation	40,500	5,100	45,600
Nature conservation	5,200	3,000	8,200
Total land bank			53,800

Picture: Jannick H Schmidt, United plantations, Runtu Estate

Results: Mitigation – good performer: United Plantations





Key data	United Plantations		Industry average Malaysia and	
	Malaysia	Indonesia	Indonesia	
Cultivation stage				
FFB yield (mature)	24.3	20.0	18.9	
Share of land that is peat	12%	6%	18%	
Share of land bank set-aide as nature conservation	1%	39%	0%	
Palm oil mill stage				
Oil extraction rate (OER)	22.0%	24.4%	20.3%	
Share of POME treated with biogas capture	65%	46%	5%	

Peat share & management
Oil extraction rate



Schmidt J.H. (2016) Life cycle assessment of Palm Oil at United plantations Berhad 2016. Results for 2004-2015 Summary report. United Plantations Berhad, Teluk Intan, Malaysia.

Pictures: United Plantations Berhad

Conclusions



Palm oil compared to other oils

Palm oil not the best performing

... But more mitigation options for palm

Mitigation options

- Biogas capture: 11-14% reduction
- Nature conservation: 1-26% reduction (with 10% set-aside)
- United Plantations: 70% reduction
- Palm oil has the potential for being the best performing oil

Approach

- New approach for iLUC and mitigation by nature conservation
- Can be used on
 - Industry averages
 - Individual palm oil producers
 - Certified palm oil
- New land developlemt: Can be compared with global iLUC baseline

Acknowledgements



United Plantations

United Plantations Berhad (unitedplantations.com)

Members of the 2.-0 LCA iLUC initiative

- Aalborg University, Department of Planning and Development, AAU (plan.aau.dk)
- Aarhus University, Department of Agroecology Agricultural Systems and Sustainability (scitech.au.dk)
- Arla Foods (arla.com)
- Concito (concito.dk)
- CSIRO (csiro.au)
- DuPont Nutrition and Health (dupont.com)
- DONG Energy (dong.dk)
- ecoinvent (ecoinvent.org)
- Mahidol University, Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering (http://www.eg.mahidol.ac.th/)
- IFP Energies nouvelles (http://www.ifpen.fr/)
- Miljögiraff (miljogiraff.se)
- National Agricultural Research Center, Japan (naro.affrc.go.jp)
- Niras (niras.dk)
- NSW Department of Primary Industries (http://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/)
- PRé Consultants (https://www.pre-sustainability.com/)
- Round Table on Sustainable Palm Oil, RSPO (rspo.org)
- Sustainability Consortium (sustainabilityconsortium.org)
- Swedish University of Agriculture Sciences, SLU (slu.se)
- TetraPak (tetrapak.com)
- Unilever (unilever.com)
- United Plantations Berhad (unitedplantations.com)
- University of Copenhagen, The Faculty of Life Sciences, LIFE (life.ku.dk)

20 Ch annabants

User-manual for the 2.-0 LCA iLUC model

Version 4.1

More information: the 2.-0 LCA iLUC initiative: http://lca-net.com/clubs/iluc/

www.icope-series.com